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Flexible spending accounts (FSAs) allow you to set aside pretax dollars from your paycheck to pay for expenses not covered through your other benefits. Because you do not pay federal or FICA (Social Security) taxes on money you put into an FSA, your taxable income is reduced and your taxes are lower.

King County offers two types of FSAs:

- Health care FSAs, which allow you to set aside pretax dollars to pay for certain expenses not
 covered by your health plans (for example, the cost of orthodontia not fully paid by your dental
 plan, and copays for office visits).
- Dependent care FSAs, which allow you to set aside pretax dollars to pay for eligible day care services on a regular basis for your child, disabled spouse or dependent parent while you and your spouse work.

If you want to enroll in an FSA, you must submit an Flexible Spending Account Enrollment form, available at the end of this guide:

- within 30 days after your hire date or after you become eligible for benefits
- within 30 days after a qualifying life event, or
- during open enrollment for the following year.

During each year's open enrollment, you must enroll in a new FSA if you want one for the next year.

We've made every attempt to ensure the accuracy of this information. However, if there is any discrepancy between this guide and the contracts or other legal documents, the legal documents will always govern. King County intends to continue this plan indefinitely but reserves the right to amend or terminate them at any time, for any reason, according to the amendment procedures described in the legal documents. This guide does not create a contract of employment between King County and any employee.

Call 206-684-1556 for alternate formats.

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Administrative Facts

The following is plan information you might need for your benefit claims and questions.

Plan name	Health care flexible spending account			
	Dependent care flexible spending account			
Plan year	January 1 – December 31	January 1 – December 31		
Plan sponsor	If you have questions about FSA eligibility or enrollment, contact Benefits, Payroll and Retirement Operations. This FSA Guide is available at www.kingcounty.gov/employees/benefits/YourKingCountyBenefits/YourKingCountyBenefits and the Summary of Benefits and Coverage at www.kingcounty.gov/employees/benefits/YourKingCountyBenefits .			
	Benefits, Payroll and Retirement Operations The Chinook Building CNK-ES-0240, 401 Fifth Ave., Seattle WA 98104-2333 Phone: 206-684-1556 ■ 1-800-325-6165 x41556 (outside local calling area) Phone hours: 9 a.m. – 4 p.m. Fax 206-296-7700 E-mail: kc.benefits@kingcounty.gov Web: www.kingcounty.gov/employees/benefits			
Plan administrator	administrator The FSA Plan is administered for King County according to the terms of an agreem formerly FBMC. Contact WageWorks if you have questions about eligible expenses			
	For general assistance and filing claims: WageWorks Claims Administrator, P.O. Box 14053, Lexington, KY 40512 Phone: 1-855-428-0446 Fax: 877-353-9236 Phone hours: 5 a.m. – 5 p.m., Monday – Friday Web: www.wageworks.com	For appeals: WageWorks Claims Administrator – Appeals, P.O. Box 14326, Lexington, KY 40512 Phone: 1-855-291-0625 Phone hours: 5 a.m. – 5 p.m., Monday – Friday Web: www.wageworks.com		
Plan funding	Plan benefits are funded through employee pretax salary-deduction contributions, as permitted by Internal Revenue Code Section 125.			
Plan expenses	In general, King County pays the administrative expenses of the Plan, to the extent those expenses are not paid from the Plan.			

How FSAs Work

You decide how much you want to contribute through payroll deduction to either a health care or a dependent care FSA, or both, and indicate the amount on the FSA Enrollment form at the end of this guide. Benefits, Payroll and Retirement Operations will verify your eligibility and transmit the information to Payroll Operations so deductions can be taken and sent to a third-party administrator, WageWorks. WageWorks sets up your FSA and administers it for King County.

As you incur eligible expenses, you submit reimbursement claim forms, receipts and other required documentation to WageWorks, and WageWorks reimburses you from your account. Reimbursement requests are processed within five business days of receipt. If the reimbursement is approved, a check is issued or a direct deposit transmitted the night your request is processed, and an explanation of reimbursement is mailed to your home. Reimbursement claim forms are provided when you enroll in an FSA and are available from WageWorks at www.wageworks.com and on the County's website at www.kingcounty.gov/ employees/benefits/YourKingCountyBenefits/FlexibleSpendingAccounts. To enroll in direct deposit, contact WageWorks (see Resource Directory).

You may submit reimbursement requests for eligible expenses incurred during the calendar year any time through March 31 of the following year, but the requests must be received by WageWorks no later than March 31. You may submit multiple bills or receipts with one reimbursement claim form as long as you list them on the claim form.

Health Care FSAs

▶ FSA versus Federal Income Tax Deduction

The IRS allows you to take a federal income tax deduction for certain eligible health care expenses if they exceed 7.5 % of your adjusted gross income, or you may set aside from \$300 (minimum) to \$2,500 (maximum) in pretax dollars in a calendar year to pay for these same expenses from a health care FSA. For most people, the FSA makes the most sense, but consult a tax advisor to be sure.

Dependent Eligibility

You may use a health care FSA to reimburse expenses for any family member who qualifies for coverage under your benefit plans. However, Internal Revenue Code Section 152 restricts use of a health care FSA to reimburse expenses for a domestic partner and domestic partner's children unless they live with you as members of your household and you provide more than half their support during the FSA calendar year.

Internal Revenue Code Section 152 also allows you to reimburse expenses for:

- Any child, grandchild, stepchild, brother, sister, stepbrother, stepsister, parent, grandparent, stepparent, niece, nephew, aunt, uncle, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, mother-in-law, father-in-law, brother-in-law or sister-in-law who receives over half his/her support from you during the FSA calendar year
- Any person not related to you but who lives with you as a member of your household and receives more than half his/her support from you during the FSA calendar year.

If you reimburse expenses from a health care FSA for any dependents other than your spouse or dependent children, you may be required to provide an affidavit certifying them as eligible dependents based on the criteria described above.

▶ Eligible Expenses

Below is a partial list of health care expenses eligible for reimbursement through a health care FSA (more eligible expenses are listed at www.wageworks.com). Consult with your tax advisor, IRS Publication 502 or WageWorks if you have any questions. The IRS publication references insurance premiums and long-term care insurance as eligible deductible expenses on an individual tax return, but they are not eligible for FSA reimbursement.

Eligible Expenses			
 Acupuncture Ambulance Artificial limbs Birth control pills, condoms, spermacides, pregnancy/ovulation kits Braille books and magazines Breast pumps and lactation devices Car controls for a disabled person Care for a mentally disabled child 	 New baby expenses for medical conditions Obstetrical services Over-the-counter-drugs used to treat/prevent illness/injury (limited—see list on WageWorks website) Operations Optometrist Orthodontics (noncosmetic purposes) Orthopedic shoes Oxygen 		
Chiropractor fees	Physician fees		
Christian Science practitioner fees Prescription drugs			

Eligible Expenses

- Coinsurance/copays
- Contact lenses and contact cleaning solutions
- Cosmetic procedures to correct a problem arising from a medical condition
- Crutches
- Deductibles for medical, dental and vision plans
- Dental fees
- Dentures
- Diagnostic fees
- Disabled person's cost for special home
- Drug addiction treatment
- Eveglasses
- Eye exams
- Fertility treatment
- Hearing aids and batteries
- Home improvements for medical reasons
- Hospital bills
- Hypnosis for treatment of an illness
- Insulin
- Laboratory fees
- Learning disability
- Life fee to retirement home for medical care
- Maternity care
- Naturopathic treatment
- Naturopathic remedies (if prescribed by physician for medical condition)

- Psychiatric care
- Psychologist fees
- Radial keratotomy
- Routine physicals
- Seeing-eye dog and its upkeep
- Skilled nurse fees (including board and Social Security taxes you pay)
- Smoking cessation
- Spa/pool equipment prescribed by physician and allowed by the IRS
- Special schools for mentally impaired or physically disabled person
- Telephone designed for hearing-impaired person
- Television/hearing-impaired equipment
- Therapeutic care for drug and alcohol addiction
- Therapy received as medical treatment
- Transportation expenses for medical purposes
- Tuition at special school for a disabled person
- Tuition fee portion that goes for medical care
- Vaccines
- Weight loss programs (if prescribed by physician for medical condition)
- Well-baby and well-child care
- Wheelchair
- Wigs required for medical purposes
- X-rays

Ineligible Expenses

Below is a partial list of health care expenses not eligible for reimbursement through a health care FSA. Again, consult with your tax advisor, IRS Publication 502 or WageWorks if you have any questions.

Ineligible Expenses

- Cosmetic procedures for nonmedical reasons
- Diaper services
- Divorce expenses (even if recommended by a physician)
- Domestic help fees (for services of a non-medical nature)
- General counseling (family, marital or couple)
- Health club programs, including fitness clubs and gyms
- Health insurance premiums

- Lens replacement insurance
- Long-term care insurance premiums and expenses
- Maternity clothes
- Parking fees
- Physical therapy treatments for general well-being
- Vitamins, supplements and remedies taken for general wellbeing

▶ Expense Estimator

All eligible expenses for you, your spouse and your eligible dependents are reimbursable from your health care FSA. To estimate eligible health care expenses not covered by your other benefits, complete the Expense Estimator Worksheet on the following page or use the WageWorks calculator at www.wageworks.com/employee/claim_Forms.htm.

Expense Estimator Worksheet			
Medical Expenses	Estimated Calendar Year Expenses	Vision Expenses	Estimated Calendar Year Expenses
Copays Deductibles Physical exams Prescription drugs Surgical fees X-ray or lab fees Other medical expenses	\$	Copays Deductibles Eye exams Prescription contact lenses Contact lens supplies Prescription eyeglasses or sunglasses	\$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$
Dental Expenses		Other Expenses	
Copays Deductibles Dentures Examinations Orthodontia Restorative work (crowns, caps, bridges) Teeth cleaning Other dental expenses	\$	Acupuncture, chiropractors, naturopaths Hearing aids Immunization fees Psychiatrist, psychologist, counseling (allowed for treatment of specific physical or mental disorder (for example, depression, alcohol or drug treatment; diagnosis is necessary for reimbursement)	\$ \$ \$
Total Column 1	\$	Total Column 2	\$

Total Column 1 \$	+ Total Column 2 \$	= Total Estimated Expenses \$

► Expense Reimbursement

How eligible expenses are reimbursed from a health care FSA depends on the type of expense you have: expense partially covered by health insurance, expense not covered by health insurance, or orthodontia expense.

For expenses partially covered by insurance, you file a claim with your health plan. When you receive your Explanation of Benefits (EOB), you see how much the plan paid and the remaining balance due. You then request reimbursement for the remaining balance.

Mail, fax or submit online a completed FSA Reimbursement Request Form available at www.wageworks.com/employee/claim_Forms.htm along with the following:

- An invoice from your health care provider listing the date you received the service, the cost of the service, the specific type of service and the person for whom the service was provided, and
- An Explanation of Benefits (EOB) from your health insurance provider that shows the specific type
 of service you received, the date and cost of the service and any uninsured portion of the cost, or
- A written statement from your health care provider indicating that the service was medically
 necessary if the service could be deemed cosmetic in nature, accompanied by the invoice for the
 service.

For expenses not covered by insurance, complete the claim form and attach your itemized receipt for the expenses. Receipts must show date of service, cost, service performed and provider of service. Canceled checks, credit card receipts or statements showing only "balance due" or "payment on

account" cannot be accepted. Fax, mail or submit online the information to WageWorks (see Resource Directory).

To submit a reimbursement form online, you will need to scan a completed reimbursement form and no more than five separate invoices at a time.

A lump sum payment is eligible for full reimbursement for orthodontia services. To be reimbursed, you must provide documentation, such as a receipt of payment, claim form or payment coupon, and it must include the patient name, provider name, date of service and cost of service. An orthodontia worksheet is no longer required, but a copy of your contract is required. Monthly payments will be reimbursed based on the actual amount paid. Orthodontia payments may be reimbursed over multiple plan years.

When your health care FSA reimbursement request is received and approved, you are reimbursed for eligible expenses up to the maximum amount you elected, minus any previous reimbursements made during the calendar year.

If Reimbursement is Denied

If your request for a midyear change to your FSA, an FSA reimbursement claim or other similar request is denied, in full or in part, you have the right to appeal the decision by sending a written request for review within 30 days of the denial to:

WageWorks
Claims Administrator – Appeals
P.O. Box 14326
Lexington, KY 40512

Your written appeal must include:

- The name of your employer
- The date of the services for which your request was denied
- A copy of the denied request
- The denial letter you received
- Why you think your request should not have been denied, and
- Any additional documents, information or comments you think may have a bearing on your appeal.

Your appeal will be reviewed upon receipt of your appeal and supporting documentation. You will be notified of the results of this review within 30 business days from receipt of your appeal. In unusual cases, such as when appeals require additional documentation, the review may take longer than 30 days. If your appeal is approved, additional processing time is required to modify your account.

Appeals are approved only if the extenuating circumstances and supporting documentation are within your employer, insurance provider and IRS regulations governing the plan.

If the appeal is denied, you may pursue legal remedies, but you or your representative must exhaust this claim appeal process first. If legal action is taken, the suit must be filed within two years after the event the claim is based on.

Dependent Care FSAs

▶ FSA versus Federal Income Tax Deduction

If you work full-time or part-time and have children, a disabled spouse or elderly dependent parents and use day care services, you may take an income tax credit for your dependent care expenses or you may set aside pretax dollars to pay for these same expenses from a dependent care FSA.

The minimum you may contribute to a dependent care FSA is \$300 per calendar year. The maximum you may contribute is \$5,000 per calendar year, depending on your family situation. If more than one of the following situations applies to you, your maximum contribution is the lesser of the two:

- If you are a working single parent, you may contribute up to \$5,000 per calendar year
- If you are married and filing a joint income tax return, you may contribute up to \$5,000 per calendar year; if your spouse also has access to a dependent care FSA, your combined limit is \$5,000
- If you are married and filing separate income tax returns, you may contribute up to \$2,500 per calendar year
- If you are married and your spouse earns less than \$5,000, you may contribute up to the amount of your spouse's annual income.

For the federal tax credit, if you're married and your spouse is a full-time student or disabled (defined by the IRS as physically or mentally incapable of self-care), you may claim on your federal tax return up to \$3,000 a calendar year for one dependent or up to \$6,000 a calendar year for two or more dependents.

To determine whether the dependent care FSA or the federal tax credit (or combination of both) is best for you, consult a tax advisor.

► Your Eligibility

To qualify, you must be at work while your eligible dependents receive care. You must also meet one of the following eligibility requirements:

- You are a single parent
- You have a working spouse
- Your spouse is a full-time student at least 5 months during the calendar year while you are working
- Your spouse is mentally or physically unable to care for him/herself
- You are divorced or legally separated and have custody of your child most of the time (even though your former spouse may claim the child for income tax purposes).

▶ Dependent Eligibility

Eligible dependents for this plan include children, spouse, and dependent parents:

- Your child under age 13 of whom you have custody and for whom you are entitled to claim a
 deduction on your federal tax return. For children of divorced or separated parents, only the parent
 with custody can consider the child an eligible dependent under this plan.
- Incapacitated parent residing in your household must reside for more than one half year.
- Your child of any age who is physically or mentally unable to care for him/herself
- Your spouse who is physically or mentally unable to care for him/herself.

▶ Eligible Expenses

The following types of care are reimbursable from a dependent care FSA:

- Care provided inside or outside your home by anyone other than your spouse, a person you list as your dependent for income tax purposes, or one of your children under age 19
- A dependent care center or child care center (if the center cares for more than six children, it must comply with all applicable state and local regulations)

- A housekeeper, au pair or nanny whose services include, in part, providing care for a qualifying dependent
- Adult care for an incapacitated spouse or parent; this includes only the day care expenses; nursing/medical care does not qualify for reimbursement through a dependent care FSA, but may qualify under an FSA.

To qualify for reimbursement, you must provide your dependent care provider's tax ID number, Social Security number or claim form. If you fail to do so, your dependent care FSA reimbursements may be reclassified as taxable income by the IRS. You must still complete IRS Form 2441 when reporting taxes at the end of each calendar year.

You are responsible for making sure the expenses you submit for reimbursement are considered eligible expenses by the IRS. If you're not sure whether an expense is eligible, consult a tax advisor or contact WageWorks.

► Ineligible Expenses

Expenses not eligible for reimbursement through your dependent care FSA include:

- Books and supplies
- Child support payments or child care if you are a noncustodial parent
- Educational tuition costs
- Services provided by your dependent, your spouse's dependent or your child who is under age 19
- Overnight camps and education, including kindergarten (but summer day camps are).

However, if the cost of tuition and dependent care can be separated, the itemized cost of the dependent care is reimbursable. If necessary, consult a tax advisor.

▶ Expense Reimbursement

To get reimbursed from a dependent care FSA, complete the reimbursement claim form (provided when you enroll and at www.wageworks.com/employee/claim_Forms.htm and attach any appropriate receipts (or have the dependent care provider sign the claim form instead of a receipt). Fax, mail or submit online the information to WageWorks (see Resource Directory).

When your dependent care FSA reimbursement request is received and approved, you are reimbursed for your eligible expenses up to the maximum amount you have contributed, minus any previous reimbursements made during the calendar year.

▶ If Reimbursement is Denied

If your request for a midyear change to your FSA, an FSA reimbursement claim or other similar request is denied, in full or in part, you have the right to appeal the decision by sending a written request for review within 30 days of the denial to:

WageWorks Claims Administrator – Appeals P.O. Box 14326 Lexington, KY 40512

Your written appeal must include:

- The name of your employer
- The date of the services for which your request was denied
- A copy of the denied request

- The denial letter you received
- Why you think your request should not have been denied, and
- Any additional documents, information or comments you think may have a bearing on your appeal.

Your appeal will be reviewed upon receipt of your appeal and supporting documentation. You will be notified of the results of this review within 30 business days from receipt of your appeal. In unusual cases, such as when appeals require additional documentation, the review may take longer than 30 days. If your appeal is approved, additional processing time is required to modify your account.

Appeals are approved only if the extenuating circumstances and supporting documentation are within your employer, insurance provider and IRS regulations governing the plan.

If the appeal is denied, you may pursue legal remedies, but you or your representative must exhaust this claim appeal process first. If legal action is taken, the suit must be filed within two years after the event the claim is based on.

Other Considerations

► Health Care and Dependent Care FSAs Don't Mix

Health care and dependent care FSAs are separate. The money you allocate for one cannot be used for the other and you cannot transfer dollars between accounts.

▶ Use It or Lose It

You may request reimbursement from an FSA through March 31 of the following year for eligible expenses incurred during the previous FSA calendar year. Your request must be received by WageWorks no later than March 31 and any money left in your FSA after March 31 is forfeited in accordance to IRS regulations.

► FSA Contributions Can Affect Social Security

Because you and the county don't pay Social Security (FICA) taxes on the money you contribute to an FSA, your future Social Security benefits may be reduced slightly. However, you may find that the tax savings gained through participation in an FSA outweigh any loss in benefits. Consult a tax advisor.

► Changes Outside Open Enrollment are Restricted

The election you make when you enroll for an FSA remains in effect for the entire calendar year. You must re-enroll every year during open enrollment to participate in the FSA program. You may change your elections (begin, increase, decrease or stop contributions) during open enrollment for the following FSA calendar year or when you have a qualifying status change:

- Change in your legal marital status due to marriage, legal separation, annulment, divorce or death of a spouse
- Change in the number of your tax dependents due to birth, adoption or placement for adoption, or death of a dependent
- Change in employment status for you, your spouse or dependent due to termination or commencement of employment, reduction or increase in work hours, switch from salaried to hourlypaid/union to non-union/part-time to full-time, strike or lockout, beginning or return from unpaid leave of absence or any other change which affects benefit eligibility
- Change in the place of residence or work of you, your spouse or dependent which affects benefit eligibility

- Change that causes a dependent to satisfy or cease to satisfy the requirements for coverage due to age, gain or loss of student status, marriage or any similar circumstances provided for in the benefit plans
- Change due to certain judgments and court orders
- Change in cost of dependent care due to change in provider
- Significant change in coverage or cost due to employer benefit plan changes.

You have 30 days from the date of a qualifying status change to modify your FSA election, and the change must be consistent with, and on account of, the status change. To make the change, you must submit a Flexible Spending Account Change form to Benefits, Payroll and Retirement Operations. The form is available at www.kingcounty.gov/employees/benefits/YourKingCountyBenefits/FlexibleSpendingAccounts.

▶ If You Leave Employment or Are on an Unpaid Leave of Absence

If you leave employment you may continue to contribute in your health care FSA through the end of the calendar year as long as you elect continued health coverage under COBRA or retiree medical benefits. Because your contributions are not a payroll deduction, they will be post-tax contributions. You have until March 31 of the following year to submit reimbursement requests for expenses incurred during the previous calendar year while under COBRA or retiree medical benefits.

If you leave employment but don't continue your health care FSA under COBRA or retiree medical benefits, your contribution to your FSA ends the day you leave employment. You have until March 31of the following year to submit reimbursement requests for expenses incurred through the date you leave.

If you leave employment, your contribution to your dependent care FSA ends the day you leave employment. You have until March 31of the following year to submit reimbursement requests for expenses incurred through the date you leave.

If you go on an unpaid Leave of Absence (such as King County Family and Medical Leave or a Leave of Absence Without Pay), your contributions to your health care and/or dependent care FSA cease. Upon your return to work in a paid status, your contributions will resume, provided your paycheck is large enough for deductions. For help with this, contact Benefits, Payroll and Retirement Operations.

► A Change in Your Address

If you change your address, inform both WageWorks and Benefits, Payroll and Retirement Operations. You may inform WageWorks by phone or fax (see Resource Directory). You may inform Benefits, Payroll and Retirement Operations by submitting a Personal Information Update form or making the change in your PeopleSoft account at www.kingcounty.gov/mybenefits.

► Making Claims for Expenses Incurred In the Previous Year

You have until March 31of the current year to file your claim with WageWorks for expenses incurred during the previous year:

WageWorks – Claims Administrator P.O. Box 14053 Lexington, KY 40512

Resource Directory

If no TTY phone number is listed, please call 711 to access the TTY Relay Service.

For Questions About	Contact
Benefits – General Eligibility Open enrollment and making changes Flexible spend account enrollment Alternate formats of any material	Benefits, Payroll and Retirement Operations The Chinook Building CNK-ES-0240, 401 Fifth Ave., Seattle WA 98104-2333 Phone 206-684-1556 ■ 800-325-6165 x41556 (outside local calling area) Fax 206-296-7700 E-mail kc.benefits@kingcounty.gov Web www.kingcounty.gov/employees/benefits
Flexible spending accounts (FSAs)	For general assistance and filing claims: WageWorks Claims Administrator, P.O. Box 14053, Lexington, KY 40512 Phone: 1-855-428-0446 Fax: 877-353-9236 Phone hours: 5 a.m. – 5 p.m., Monday – Friday Web: www.wageworks.com For appeals: WageWorks Claims Administrator – Appeals, P.O. Box 14326, Lexington, KY 40512 Phone: 1-855-291-0625 Phone hours: 5 a.m. – 5 p.m., Monday – Friday Web: www.wageworks.com

Flexible Spending Account Enrollment



Benefits, Payroll and Retirement Operations

Complete this	s form to enroll in a health care F	FSA, dependent care FSA, or bot	h. when you first	t become eligible	e for benefits. Return the form to
		The Chinook Building CNK-ES-02	-	_	
_	ur hire date . To have FSA rei geworks.com.	imbursements deposited directly t	o a bank or savir	ngs account, call	WageWorks at 855-428-0446 or
Name (print)_			PeopleSoft	Employee ID	
,, ,				Employee ID	
		St		7IP	
	and 20 th each month ☐ Every			,	
Health C	are FSA				
	ximum may not exceed \$2,500 a	nd indicate the total amount you'd annually. Your paycheck deduction			
☐ Yes, I elec	t to participate. Please deduct an	annual total of \$		from my payche	cks for the year 20
Depende	ent Care FSA				
\$300; the majointly or head	ximum may not exceed: (1) the in	nd indicate the total amount you'd acome of the spouse with the lowe mually if married filing separately.	est income when	under \$5,000, (2	2) \$5,000 annually if married filing
☐ Yes, I elec	t to participate. Please deduct an	annual total of \$		from my payche	cks for the year 20
Authoriz	ation				
designated and provision and I agree notified in a	above. In consideration of Kin ons of the plan contained in the King County may cancel or ar dvance of any changes. I ackno	ertion of my pre-tax employme ge County allowing me to parti e county's plan document. I have mend the plan according to its owledge my right to examine the and paying a reasonable copy con	icipate in the pl we been informed independent jud ne plan documen	lan, I agree to d d the plan may dgment and dis	abide by the terms, conditions be modified from time to time ceretion. I understand I will be
the effective Credit for d penalties, in	date of my FSA elections. I und lependent care assistance expe terest or other consequences,	and the plan permit me to clain derstand the Internal Revenue C enses which are reimbursed to which may be assessed to or to g and receiving reimbursements	Code prohibits rome by the pla imposed on me	me from claimin an. I assume fu by any state, f	ng the Federal Child Care Tax ull responsibility for all taxes, federal or other governmental
		n with the knowledge that my social Security benefits upon reti		elections may	reduce my FICA withholdings
	dar year or I will forfeit those r	or eligible expenses incurred du eimbursements. I further ackno			
		quested will be deducted for t rollment is processed and mad		? indicated, bu	t my per paycheck deduction
Signature	-		_ Date Signe	ed	
Office Use Only	Received Date Staff Name	Processed By Date Staff Name	Pay Date Effe	ective	FSA Effective Date